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A Second
LETTER
unto a PERSON of
Honour & Quality,
Containing some farther
ANIMADVERSIONS
upon the
Bishop of Worcester's
LETTER.

Together with a Brief Answer ~~unto~~ all
that one **L'S** —— intends to write.

By Mr. Daylaw. ♫ ♪ ♪

London,
Printed in the Year, 1662.

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Loathing in all Sober Readers, is altogether as improper, as if the Bishop should set (to use a Phrase which that Gentleman understands) *A Hog to play upon his Organs*; or appoint a Scavenger to wash his Surplice; the very attempting of which would betray, that he loved neither Musick nor Cleanliness.

I must confess Sir, I am very tender of the Bishops Reputation, and there is yet a possibility for him to recover his credit again, for though he be a little Angry, yet the World must needs acknowledge, that he is a plain-dealing man, since his Dudgeon phrase of *this is the Truth, the whole Truth, and nothing but the Truth*, with such kind of Horne-spuie, Harmless Elegancies that are scattered in his Letter, Savour very much of the old English Breeding, and call to mind the Trunk-Breeches and Wooden Daggers of our Ancestors; who, I believe, spake all in the same uncounterfeit stale, which it well becomes a Bishop, who loves Antiquity, to imitate. But for him now to grow weary of this Primitive Simplicity, to suspect his own strength, and to enrust *Mannusque Le Friske* the Morice-dancer to undertake his Quarrel, to chuse one for his Champion, who hath been a Fidler in all Governments, and would have been a Fidler to the worst of them (for which end he knows how many pitiful Legs and Faces he made, to scrape acquaintance with the Tyrant *Oliver*) for him now to be suddenly advanced so much beyond his Art, will run the poor man into a dangerous *Fervigo*, and in the mean while much discredit the Bishops Cause, as it he could get none to maintain it but this common Barreter, this Mercenary Songster, that for two crowns more will change his Master, and rail against his Patron.

This, Sir, and, if possible, much more low and mean being my opinion of that Whiffing land Thin souled Adversary you mention, give me leave to tell you, that I am so little con-

concerned in any thing he intends to write, that, since you resolved to divulge the Letter I sent you, I am sorry you did not likewise publish my Name to the World too; that so, another, whom, as you tell me, he designes to fall upon, might not, upon Mistake, have the Credit of his Calumnies; since every Reproach from him (who hath not let any thing Sacred whether Person or Doctrine, escape his venomous Pasquils) I look upon as a Signal Mark of Honour, beyond what any other Epitaph can give me. As when men scatter Dang upon a Garden, the Flowers grow more Fair and Fragrant ever after; so were I ambitious of a Name, I think I could not more speedily procure it among all good men, thereby encraving that L's — to appear against me.

As therefore, Sir, you love my Credit, manage this Design for me, and promote the Work as much as you can; and by divulging my true Name, let not any Jot of the Commendation he designes me, be derived upon that Gentleman you mention, whose Vein, if I mistake not, lies in another way. However, Sir, if there be no Help, but the Innocent must suffer, pray think so Nobly of me, as that I do religiously intend to follow your Advice, and not offer to answer one, who would fain be Answered, that he might appear Considerable. I will not, Sir, by taking any notice of him, suffer him to Rail himself into Reputation: But as hitherto, with all his little ~~wits~~ ^{witticisms}, and Twenty Good morrows (to shew what Trade he drives) he could never gain so much Respect from any, as to deserve a Confutation; so shall I let him pass still, like *Biffs* in the Comedy, secure in his own Want of Worth, and by that, safe from Censure. And thus, Sir, I dismiss that Penny Author, unto his Learned Labours, of which, you tell me, he is now lying in; and if there be any virtue in Sack (for he drinks and writes in the same measure, only with this Difference, that what goes in Wine, comes

comes out Water), the women of Turnball-Street shall not long be unfurnished of a Pamphlet.

But, Sir, to conclude with somthing more serious, I can assure you, that I am perfectly reconciled to the Bishop, and will point him out a Fair and Noble way of righting himself. For, setting aside those Merry Passages in my Letter, which his too much Heat gave but too just an Occasion for, I give you free Leave to acquaint both him and the world, that I intend to make him an Acknowledgment as submis as any Canon enjoys, if he will either by Writing, or Conference make good any of these Positions, which he asserts in his Book, and against which, I have briefly subjoyned my Reasons.

Pos. 1. That Monarchy cannot consist without Episcopacy. Neg. For Monarchy was many 1000 years before Episcopacy, and therefore demonstrably may be without it.

Pos. 2. That the Bishop of Worcester is the Sole and Immediate Pastor of all the Congregations in his Diocese. Neg. For it is utterly against Scripture Rule, to extend the Name of Pastor, beyond the Flock which one actually feeds.

Pos. 3. That it is unlawful for any, though Ordained, to preach in the Bishop of Worcester's Diocese, without his License. Neg. For Ordination is a sufficient Licence, which runs as the Apostles Commission did, *Go preach the Gospel*, without being confined to Place, or needing a new Licence.

Pos. 4. That it is Lawful in the Worship of God, to enjoin a small thing under a great Penalty. Neg. For we have no Warrant for such an Imposition in the Word of God, which ought to be the sole Rule of all Religious Worship.

Pos. 5. That the Church hath Power to exact Confession and Recantation, for those Crimes which the State hath pardoned. Neg. For, as to Coercive Power and Jurisdiction, there is no difference at all between the Church and State.

Pos. 6. That the Presbyterians (I suppose , he means , not Imposers of their own Formes , but barely Dissenters from those Imposed by others) *are all seditious.* *Neg.* For it is against their publick Confession of Faith ; which , as the 39 Articles , and Church-Canons are of the Episcopal , so that ought to be the Test of the Presbyterian Perswasion .

Thus , Sir , You see I am willing to reduce this Controversie unto a Rational and Calm way of Debate , and if the Bishop , or any sober Person for him , will undertake to maintain , either all , or any of the forementioned Positions , I will either make good my Negative , or declare my Conversion .

And because , Sir , it is possible you may be asked , Who it is that thus boldly makes a Challenge unto one of our Learned Prelates ? Your personal Knowledge of me can abundantly satisfie them , that he is very much for Bishops , more for the King , most of all for the Purity and Peace of Religion ; and were he not for all these , in their Due and Just Subordination , he thinks you would not own him for ,

SIR,

Feb. 6.

1661.

Your most humble Servant,

D. E.

Postscript.

I Have just now received an Elaborate Piece , written by one that styles himself *J. C. M. D.* a man very well read in the Modern Fathers , and of so Elegant and Facete a Style , that I am sorry all the places in *Gotham-Colledge* are taken up , for this man would be an excellent President of it : I hope the Bishop will be so Charitable as to provide a *Sine-Cura* for him , for his Employment in Physick will never be able to maintain him in Books and clean Linnen else ; I wish neither he may ever want such able Champions , nor they befitting Pensions .

Adieu.